**AN AGE OF REVOLUTIONS**

1)At the end of 18th century Britain changed from a mainly farming country into an industrial one.

2) This change was caused by a great increase of population, which meant a greater demand for pots, beer and clothes.

3)The Industrial revolution implied new technologies and inventions, the development of factory system and new sources of power and of transport.

4)the most important inventions were Hargreaves’s spinning jenny and Arkwright’s water frame.

5)At first most of the power used to drive machinery came from water; next there was a great employment of steam power.

6)The effect of Watt’s invention was the building of new factories that used the steam engine.

7)New waterways were built and road conditions were improved.

8) in agriculture the technological inventions were employed and this led to the development of the Agrarian Revolution.

9)the Agrarian Revolution took two principal forms: the enclosure of common fields and improvements in the selective breeding of cattle to produce more meat.